

# ASCAPE

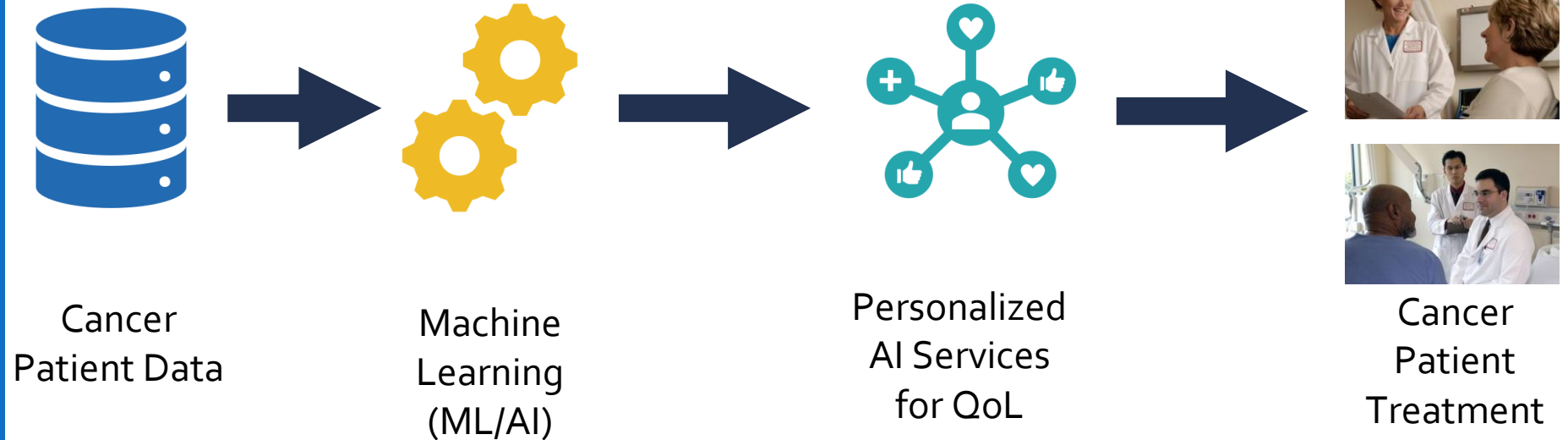
## Framework and Technical Innovations

Dr. Serge Autexier

German Research Center for Artificial Intelligence (DFKI)



# Data-driven ML-based Support for Personalized Healthcare

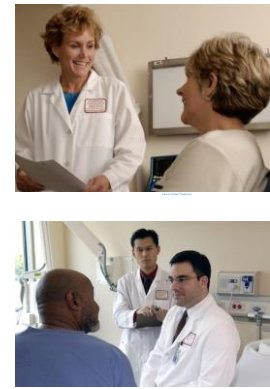


- ASCAPE Edge Node in healthcare premises
- Use ASCAPE AI analytics on data of own patients
- Using QoL global predictive models provided by ASCAPE
- Using QoL predictive models trained on own patient data
- Obtain QoL risk predictions, model-based suggestions of interventions



# Continuous Data Collection and Learning

Cancer Patient Treatment



Cancer Patient Data

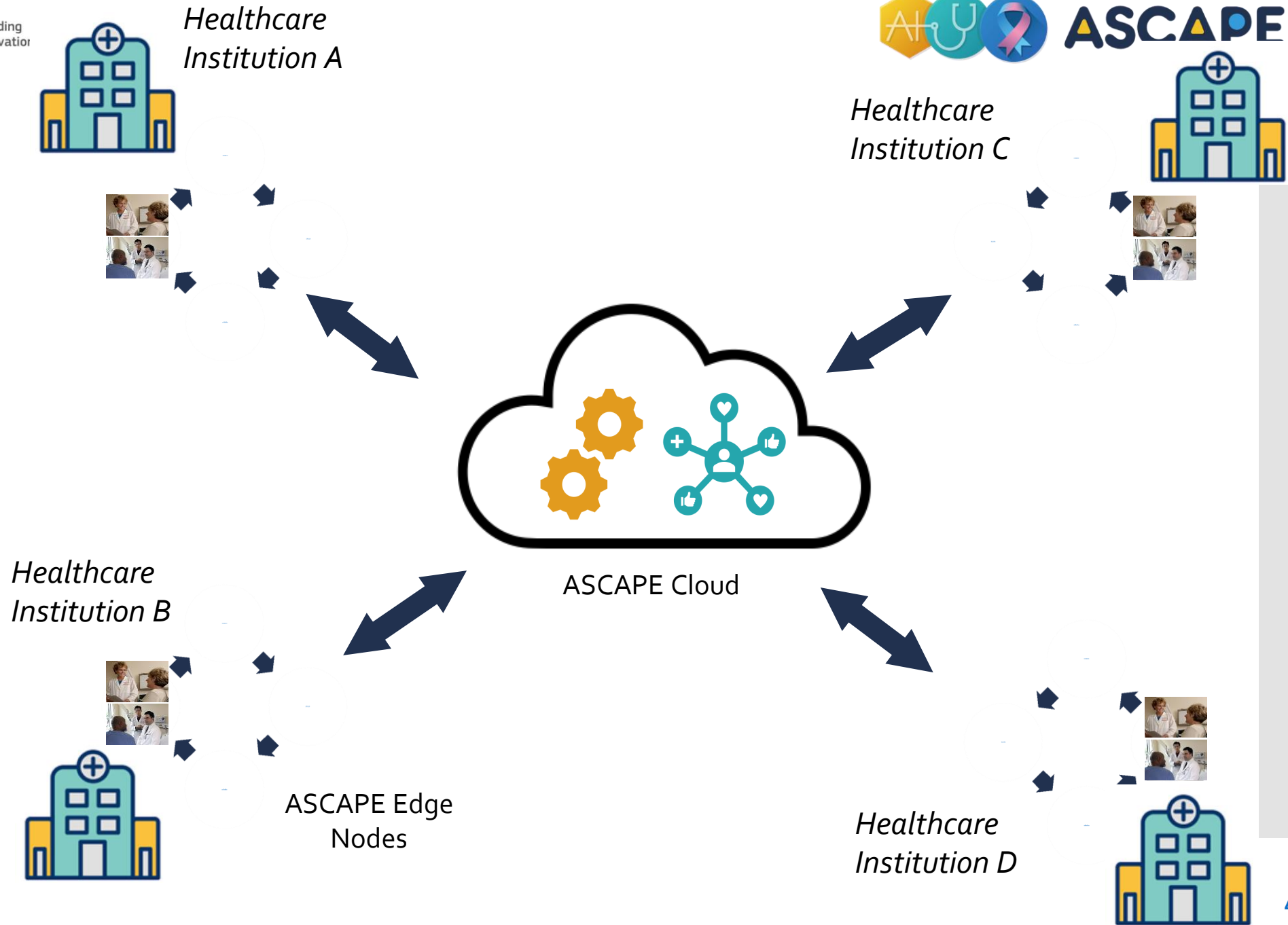


Machine Learning

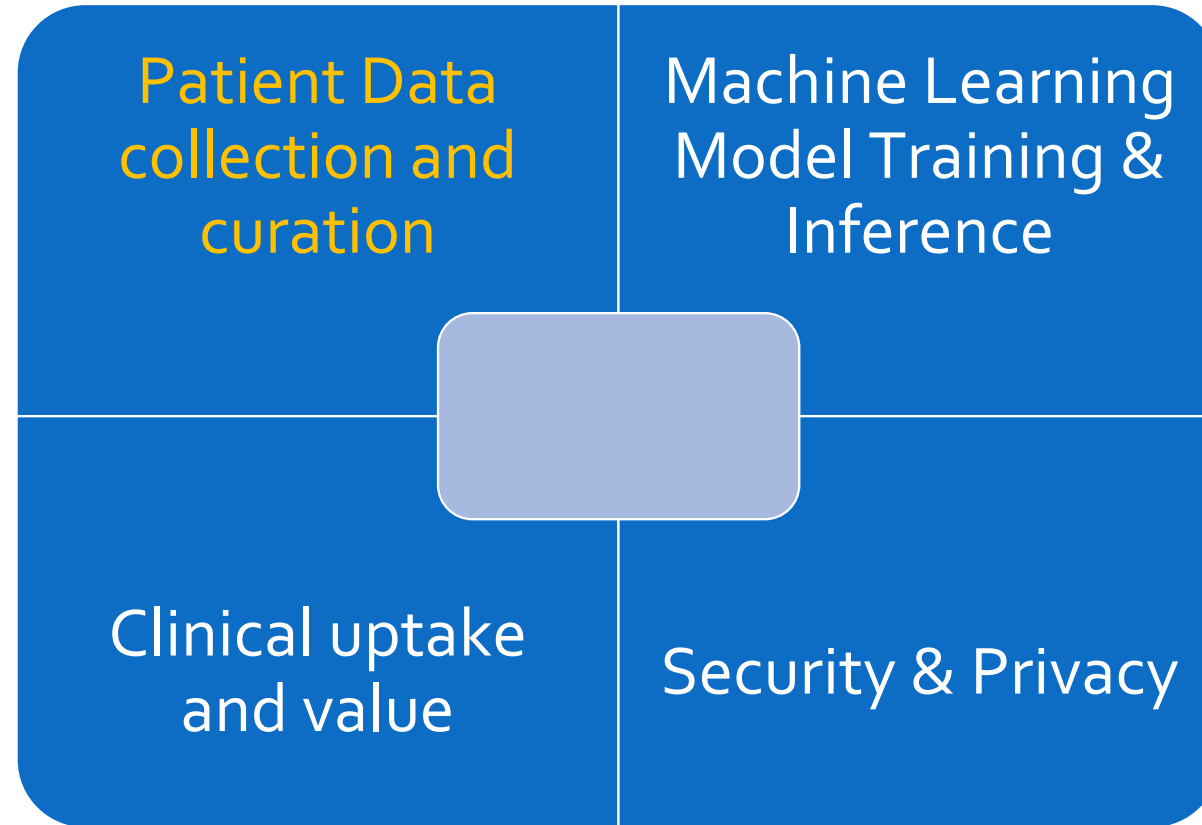


Personalized AI Services for QoL

Cooperative.  
Distributed.  
Open.



# Technical Topics



# ASCAPE Data Collection and Curation

## Variables relevant for Quality-of-Life

- Cancer-type specific medical data from **electronic health records** (EHRs) including **interventions**
- **Quality-of-Life** from validated questionnaires
- **Nutritional information** from validated questionnaires
- **Physical activities** from wearable devices
  - Support to directly collect data from wearable vendor cloud
- Contextual variables possibly affecting QoL or adherence to interventions from **open databases** (e.g. weather/ seasonal data, socio-economic status of the neighbourhood)
- HL7 FHIR-compliant format

## Data Curation inside Edge Nodes

- All data aggregated and sampled to **examination dates**
- Pre-processed ready to use for ML training and analytics (CSV file format)



Image source: National Cancer Institute,  
Licensed under [CC BY-SA](#)

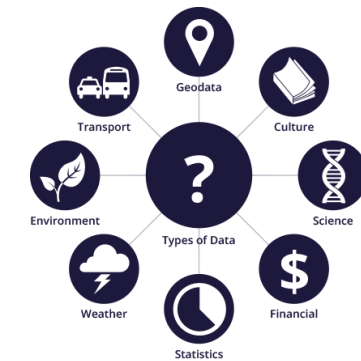
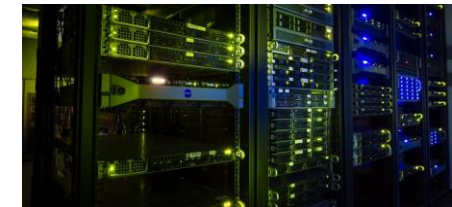
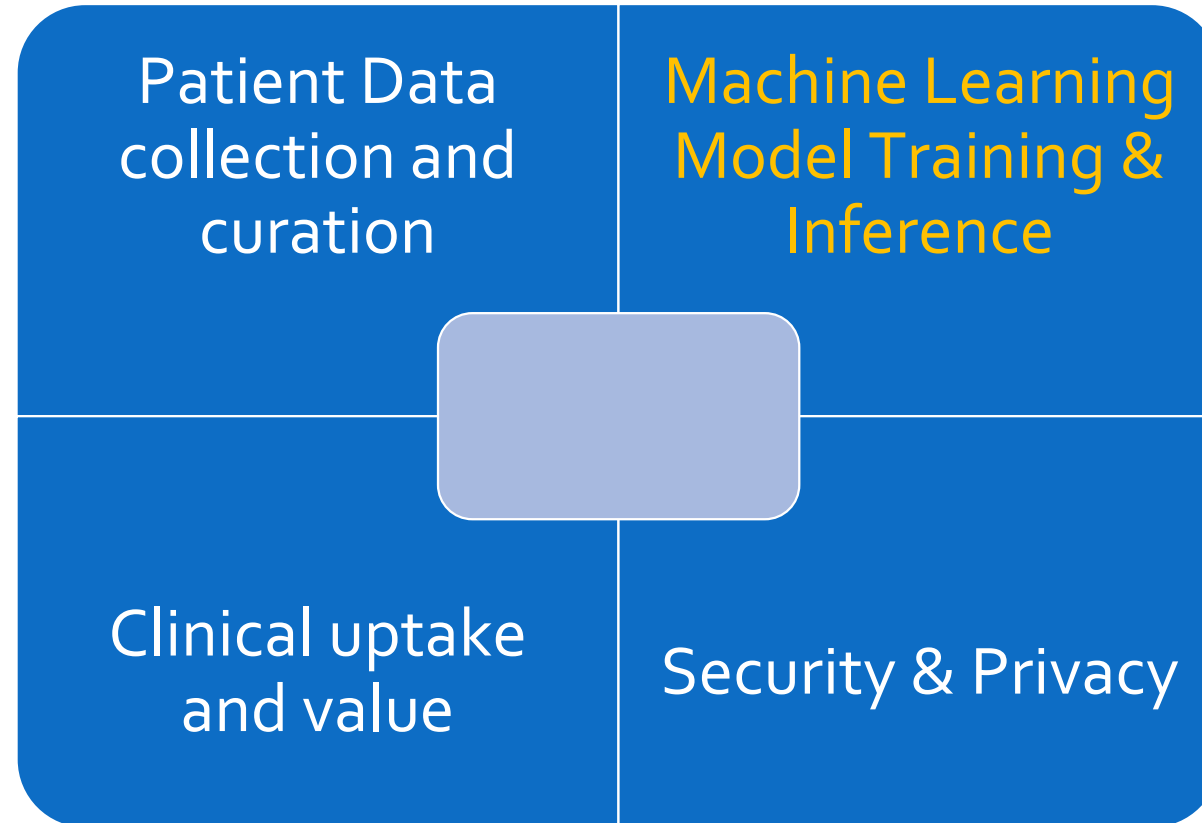


Image source: Shawn O'Neil  
Licensed under [CC BY](#)

Image Source: Open Knowledge Foundation  
Licensed under [CC BY](#)

# Technical Topics



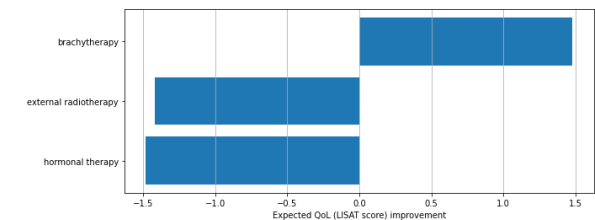
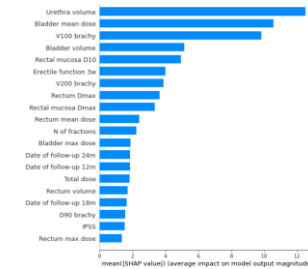
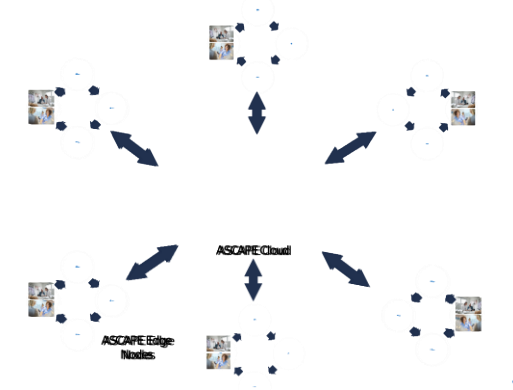
# Machine Learning Model Training & Inference

## Model Training

- Federated learning supports **dynamic re-configuration of the federation** (i.e. change of participating clients)
- Machine learning algorithms on **homomorphic encrypted patient datasets**
- **Continuous learning** from patient data updates (add, remove, update)

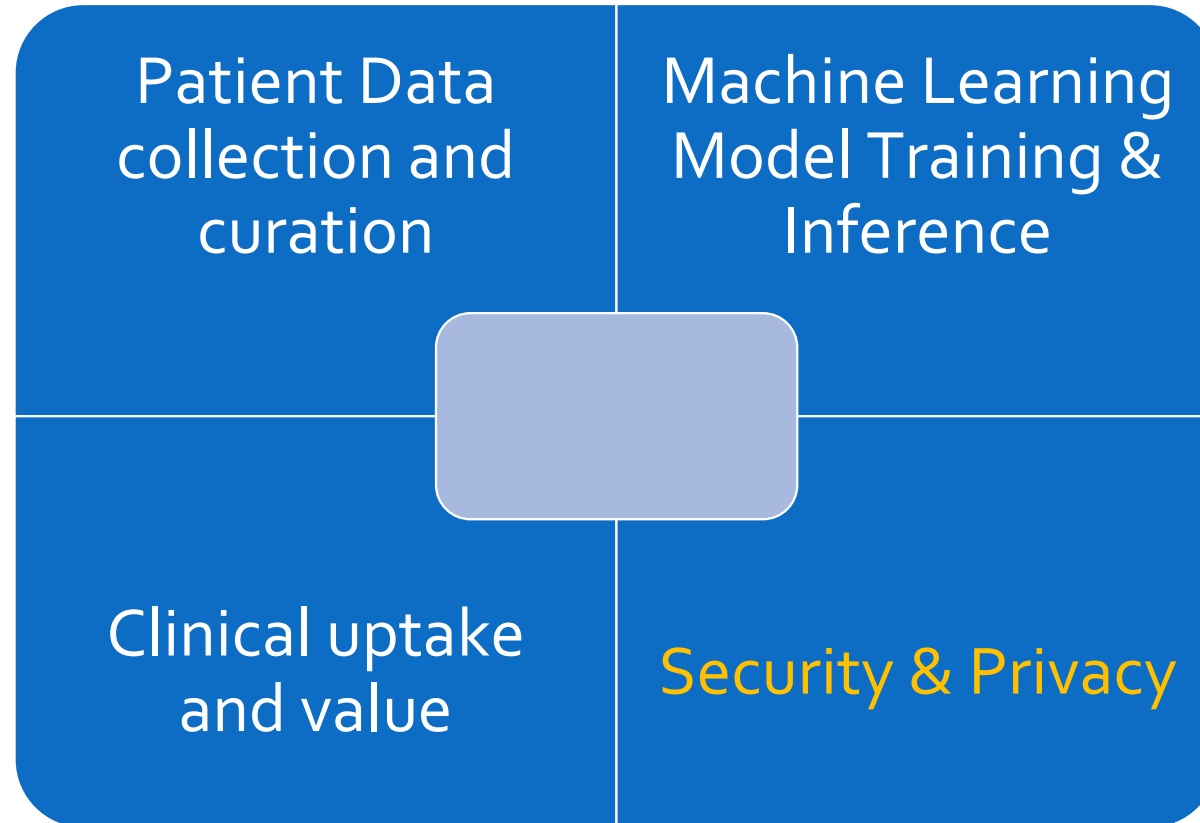
## AI Analytics

- **Best models selection** for QoL risk predictions, explanations of predictions and simulations
- **Key variable identification** impacting QoL according to models
- Simulations to suggest best **interventions**





# Technical Topics



# Security of Distributed System

## Security by Design:

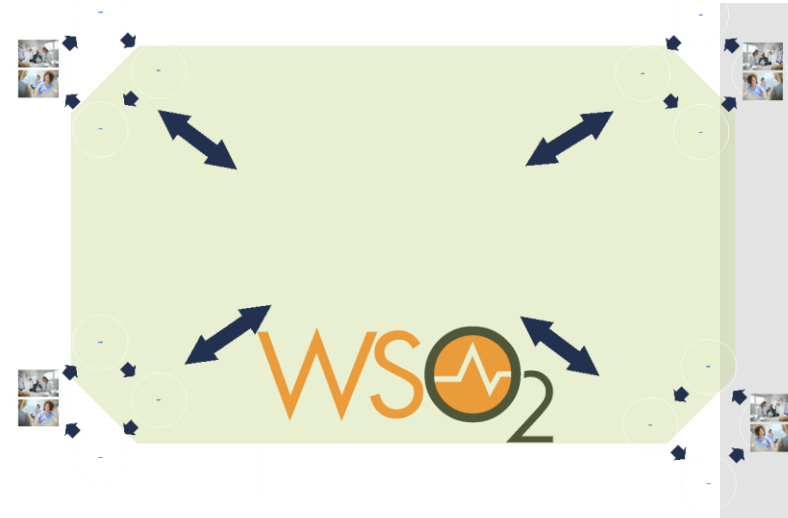
- **Security and Privacy mechanisms** designed based on Common Criteria (CC) Framework for the distributed ASCAPE edge nodes and cloud

## Security

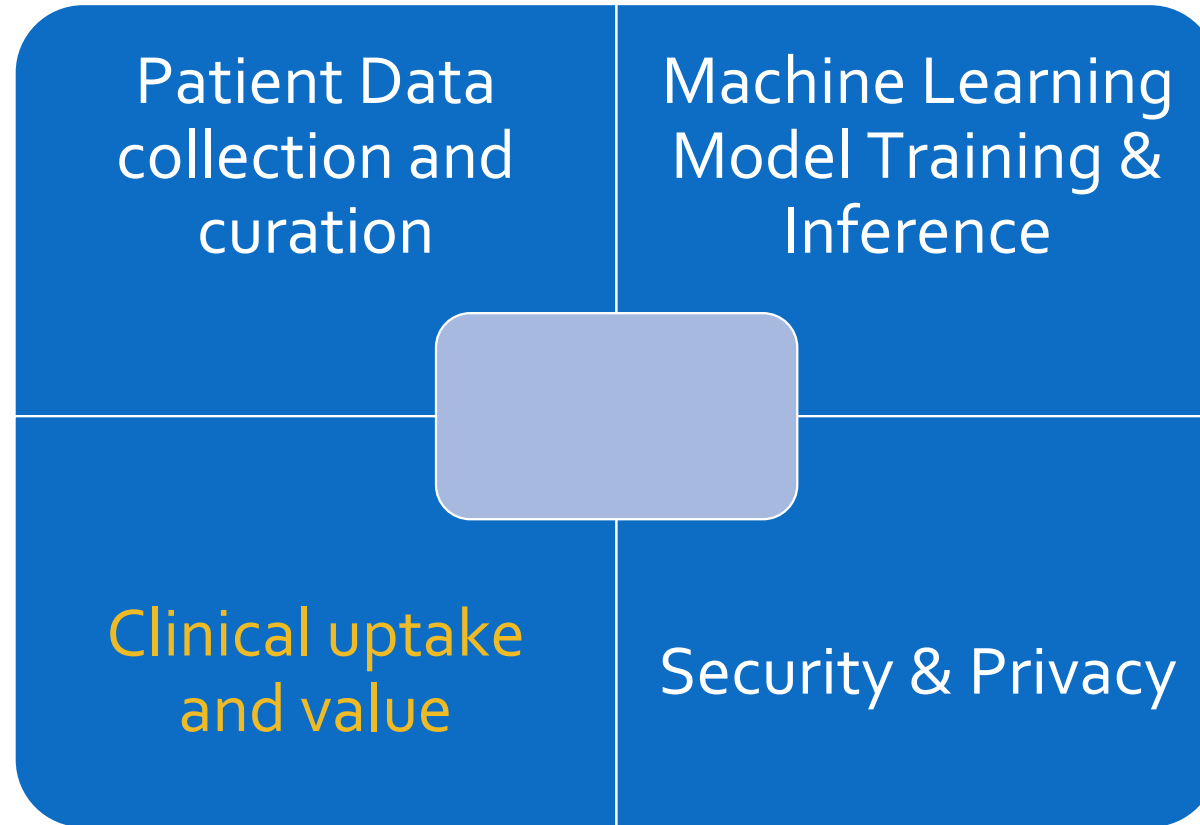
- Access-control to edge nodes and cloud managed by WSO2 identity server and API manager

## Privacy-by-Design by Privacy Enhancing Technologies

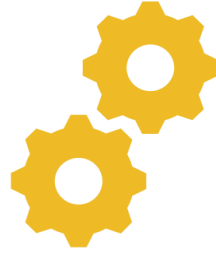
- **Goal:** Prevent direct or indirect disclosure of personal data
- Two-level **de-identification** between EHRs and ASCAPE AI Framework
- **Differential privacy** to prevent indirect disclosure from ML models
- **Federated Distributed Learning:** unencrypted patient data at HIS sites only
- **Model training over homomorphically encrypted** patient data on the ASCAPE cloud



# Technical Topics



# Seamless integration of ASCAPE AI Services into healthcare practice



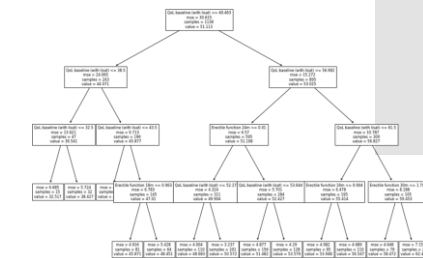
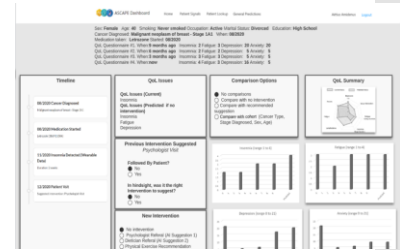
## Patient Data Collection

- Connectors and converters to transform healthcare EHR data into ASCAPE data format
- (User) Interfaces to setup ASCAPE to collect wearable data from individual patients



## Access to and Use of AI Results

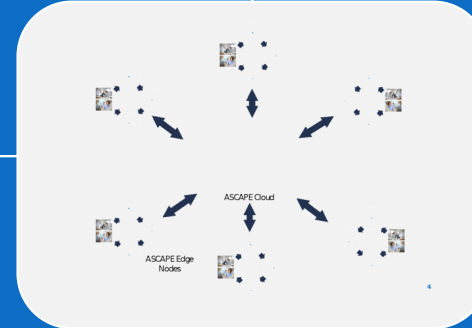
- (User) Interface for medical personnel
- Intuitive visualizations of AI results
- Validation & Use of predictive models
- Explanations for AI predictions and suggestions



Thank you  
for your  
attention

Patient Data  
collection and  
curation

Machine Learning  
Model Training &  
Inference



Clinical uptake  
and value

Security & Privacy